

# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

# FP-6NHP 6 CHANNELS FOR HELICOPTER



FUTABA CORPORATION OF AMERICA TABA CORPORATION

D60402



Thank you for purchasing a Futaba digital proportional radio control set. Please read this manual carefully before using your set.

PCM

#### **FEATURES**

The PCM FP-6NHP is a 6 channel PCM proportional radio control set for helicopters the transmitter has been redesigned in pursuit of easier operation, as well as newly designed sticks for smooth and positive operation. This PCM system feature servo hold & fail safe function, servo reversing switches, aileron and elevator dual rate, throttle hold, pitch control trim, idle up, high & low pitch curve trimmer, and other innovations based on the opinions of many RC helicopter modelers.

#### TRANSMITTER FP-T6NHP

- · An inverted flight ON/OFF switch is provided. The pitch control, elevator, and rudder servos are reversed for inverted flight when this switch is set to ON, inverted flight is then extremely easy.
- · Reliability substantially improved by assembly of the PC board by
- · Servo reversing switch. Servos are reversed by switching this switch.
- · Ailaron and elevator dual rate function. Steering angle can be arbitrarily sat by switch and trimmer.
- · Easy-to-adjust two-knob revolution mixing. Throttle · pitch content -e cudder mixing
- · Pitch control trim knob. Since a steering angle of about 30% of the pitch control servo can be trimmed, the best pitch can be set. · Throttle hold switch and trimmer for auto rotation.
- · Idle up switch and trimmer. Since the rotor speed can be held even when the pitch is lowered, more perfect maneuvers are possible.
- · New one-chip microcomputer allows setting of the fail safe function with one touch. Development of an automatic transfer system eliminates setting of the fail safe function at each flight and improves safety:
- · Built-in power error backup circuit. When the battery nears the completely discharged state, an LED flashes to indicate that the memory circuit (fail safe function) is not operating.
- · High & low pitch curve trimmer. Since the high side and low side of the Ditch curve can be adjusted to the best position, pitch direction operation is easier.
- · Rate gyro output can be switched by channel 5 switch (GEAR CH5). · Throttle ATL. Adjustable throttle limiter type throttle trim. Since the high side is not changed even when the slow side is adjusted, linkage is extremely convenient.
- Newly designed open gimbal sticks operate smoothly and positively. Adjustment mechanism allows adjustment of the operating feel of the stick lever.
- · Nonslip edjustable lever head allows adjustment of the stick length as desired.
- RF PC board inside module system.
- Transmitter has been re-designed in pursuit of easier operation.
- · Easy to read square transmitter battery voltage level meter.
- Excellent radiation efficiency, strong 8-stage telescoping antenna. · Hook is provided as standard. Operation is easier if the transmitter is hung from your neck by using the optional neck strap.

RECEIVER FP-R116GP

· High performance and high reliability miniature PCM receiver. The perfect receiver for radio control achieved by the introduction

- of the newest microcomputer technology.
- Miniature PCM receiver with built-in high-speed one-chip microcomputer. Extremely resistant to adjacent band and spark noise interference
- · Computer servo hold function eliminates operation when a dead point is passed, etc.
- · Computer fail sale function and battery fail sale function improve safety substantially.
- Error lamp display allows checking of the receiver operating state.
- · High sensitivity design with RF amplifier.
- · Ultra narrow-band ceramic filter and PCM system increase resistance to adjacent band interference.
- · Connectors use plated pins that completely eliminate poor contact. The plastic housing has been specially designed to aid in. Reliability against shock and vibration.

#### SERVO FP-S128/S130/S131S

- The S128 uses a skew motor. Even one trimming step is faithfully followed by a skew motor that displays a performance near that of a coreless motor. Since the output torque is 3.5 kg-cm (max), it can be used with almost all models. Operating speed is 0.24 sec/60°
- . The S130 is a small, waterproof servo using a high quality five pole motor. Operating torque is 4 kg-cm and operating speed is 0.24 sec/60
- . The S131S is a high torque and high speed servo using the highest quality coreless motor. It is a 5 kg-cm operating torque, 0,22 sec/ 60° operating speed waterproof type.
- · New indirect drive potentiometer improves vibration and shock resistance and neutral precision.
- Futaba low-power custom IC provides high starting torque, narrow. dead band, and excellent trackability.
- · Fiberglass reinforced PBT (polybutylene terephthalate) molded servo case is mechanically strong and invulnerable to glow fuel.
- · Strong polyacetal resin ultra-precision servo gear features smooth operation, positive neutral, and very little backlash.
- · Fiberglass reinforced epoxy resin PC board with thru-tha-hole plating improves servo amp vibration and shock resistance.
- · Thick gold plated connector points ensure positive contact and improve reliability against shock and vibration. The housing is polarized to prevent reverse insertion.
- · Special pad bushings simplify servo installation and have a high vibration damping effect.
- · Six special adjustable splined horns.

#### SET CONTENTS AND RATINGS

	FP-6NHP
Transmitter	FP-T6NHP x 1
Receiver	FP-R116GP x 1
Servo	FP-S128 x 4/S130 x 4/S131S x 4
Battery	NR-43 x 1
Switch	SSW-J x 1
Others	Battery charger, Frequency flag, Spare horn Mounting screw.

Transmitter FP-T6NHP.

Receiver FP-R116GP

Operating system: Two-stick, 5 channels with servo reverse, alleren & elevator dual rate, halloopser functions. Helicopser functions. 72MHz band/50MHz, 53MHz band 65MHz, 63MHz band 65MHz, 63MHz, Modulation Power requirement Current drain

9.6V Niced bettery (NT-BLP) 230mA (et 9.6V)

Receiving frequency : 72MHz band/50MHz, 63MHz band Intermediate frequency Power requirement Niced bettery (shared with servo) 24mA (4,8V reception) Current drain

2.23 x 1.65 x 0.94 in (57 x 42 x 24mm) Weight Receiving range 1.66 pz (63g)

500m on the ground 1000m in the air When FP-TENHP used.

(At the best radio wave condition of environment)

Servo FP-S128/S130/S131S.

Control system : + pulse width control, 1.520sSN Operating angle : One side 45° or greater (Including trim) : 4,8V to 6V Power require-

rmant Current drain · 6 fly 8m5 (et idle)

Output torque : 48.7 or in (3.5 kg-om)
Operating speed : 0.24 sec/50°
Size : 1.50un 70° : 65,6 ez·ln (4 kg·cm) : 0.24 sec/60° : 1.52x0.77x1.36 ln 140 5v20v40 5mm) (38 5x 19 5x 34.5mm) : 1.47 nz (42a) Weight : 1,87 oz (63g)

(FP-S130)

(FP-81315)

69.5 oz·ln (6 kg·cm) 0.22 sec/60° 1.59×0.78 × 1.39 in

(40.6x20x38.5mm)

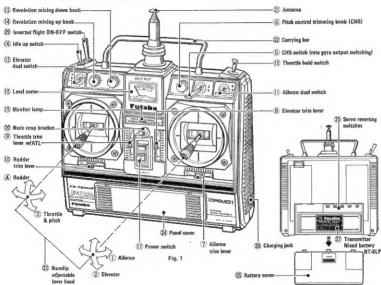
1.76 oz (50g)

Battery Charger FBC 8B(4). 120VAC 60Hz TX side 9.6V 50mA RX side 4.8V 50mA Output

Receiver Serve Nicad Bettary NR-4J

Voltage : 4.8V 4/500mAH 2.0 x 2.28 x 0.69 in (51 x 58 x 15mm) Weight : 3.34 uz (95g)

# TRANSMITTER FP-T6NHP CONTROLS



The serve reversing switches are assumed to be in the normal position in the description in this section. When the reversing switches are in the reverse posttion, serve operation is the opposite of that described here.

① Aileron Aiteron operation (2) Elevator

Elevator operation (3) Throttle Throttle & pitch control operation

Rudder Rudder operation

(5) CH5 switch (CH5) Rate gyro output switching or landing geer operation

6 Pitch control trim knob (CH6)

This is the pitch control servo fine adjustment knob. About 30% of the total servo travel can be adjusted and set. This knob is used in hovering and other fine adjustments.

7 Aileron trim lever Alleron trimmer Elevator trim lever Elevator trimmer.

Throttle trim lover with ATL This is an adjustable throttle limit (ATL) type trim lever. It operates as a trim lever only when the throttle stick is at the SLOW side as shown in Fig. 2. This lever is extremely convenient during linking, etc. because the HIGH side of the throttle position does not change even if the SLOW side is adjusted.



Throttle servo

@ Rudder trim lever Rudder trimmer.

Il Aileron dual rate switch

This peritch turns the alleron dual rate function on and off. The upper position is dual rate OFF and the lower position is dual rate ON. The steering angle is set with the trimmer [4] on the trimmer panel.

12 Elevator dual rate switch

This switch turns the elevator dual rate function on and off. The upper position is dual rate OFF and the lower position is dual rate ON. The attering angle is set with the trimmer [3] on the trimmer panel.

# Il Revolution mixing down side ratchet knob (down side knob)

Revolution mixing up side ratchet knob (up side knob) These knobs adjust the pitch control → rudder mixing amount. The mixing

amount is approximately 0 to 70% at both the up side and down side. The mixing amount of the low side from the hovering position is adjusted with the down knob 13 . (Hovering position is 1/2 throttle.)

The mixing amount of the high side from the hovering position is adjusted with the up knob - R

This is a mixing device for cancelling the reaction torque of the main rotor and is said to be the mini-HIGH. Miking oan he adjusted

mum mixing necessary for helicopter flight.

over this range with the revolution mixing up aids knob (8). . The function of the revolution up side knob 16 and revolution down side knob () from the throttle stick Mixing can be adjusted neutral position can be adover this range with the revolution mixing down side knob. It justed individually. Fig. 3 LOW

19 Throttle hold switch

When this switch is ON, the throttle servo stops at the position set at trim mer [2] on the trimmer panel and only the pitch servo is operated by the through stick. This is used at auto rotation diver. When this particle is OFF the throttle and pitch control are mixed. The switch is turned on when

If Idle-up switch

When this switch is pulled forward, it is turned on and the throttle servo maximum slow position is set to the position set at the idle-up trimmer (5) on the trimmer panel.

If the idle-up switch and throttle hold switch are turned on at the same time, the throttle hold switch has priority

If Power switch The upper position is ON.

If Level meter This meter indicates the transmitter battery voltage.

19 Monitor lamp

When the power switch is set to ON, the monitor lamp lights and the level meter pointer deflects.

. The monitor lamp goes out for a moment when the power switch is set to ON. This is because data is being transmitted. The lamp goes out once every 60 seconds so that the automatic transmission of the fail safe data can be monitored.

• When switch is on the trimmer panel is set to ON and switch is pressed, this lamp goes out and data transmission can be monitored.

· When the battery nears complete discharge (when the transmitter battery is discharged), this lamp flashes to show that the fail safe memory circuit is

2 Hook Metal hook for the optional neck strep.

21 Antenna Strong high load antenna. Extend the antenna to its full length when using the transmitter.

22 Carrying handle

Use this handle to carry the transmitter from place to place.

2 Non-slip adjustable lever head

The length of the lever head can be adjusted to fit the operator

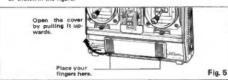
Adjust the length of the lever head to fit your hand before using the transmitter



Unlock lever heads (§ and (§ ) by turning them in the arrow direction, and adjust the head to the most comfortable length and lock the heads by turning them in the direction opposite the arrow direction.

## @ Panel cover

To operate the frimmer panel switches and trimmers, open this cover as shown in the figure.



TRIMMER PANEL [2]Throttle hold [4]Alleron dual [7]Pitch curve high [6] Inverted flight high [5] Inverted flight FS [9] FS (Fail Safe) side trimmer (Fail Safe) switch rate trimmer side trimmer set button FAIL BAFE HEVERTED HP. CO my 5 00 1 Revolution mixing 3 Idle up SElevator dual & Pitch curve low Aleverted flight low EFS (Fail Safe) Fig. 6 rate trimmer tide trimmer tide trimmer

Revolution mixing direction switch

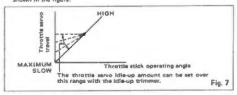
When the main rotor rotates clockwise, set this switch to the RIGHT position. When the main rotor rotates counterclockwise, set this switch to the LEFT position. (The opposite may also be true, depending on the linkage.)

2 Throttle hold trimmer

This trimmer sets the throttle servo stop position when the throttle hold switch is set to ON. The total travel can be set.

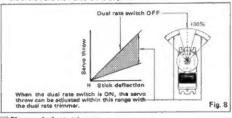
3 Idle-up trimmer

This trimmer is effective when the idle-up switch is set to ON. It sets the throttle servo maximum slow position. The idle-up amount can be set as



4 Aileron dual rate trimmer

This trimmer adjusts the alleron travel when the alleron dual rate switch is set to the ON position. The aileron travel can be adjusted from 40% to 100% of the total travel. When the dual rate switch is set to ON, the servo throw can be set to an arbitrary angle smaller than when the dual rate switch is OFF (normal) as shown in the figure. Use the throw matched to the aircreft and the maneuvers to be performed.



5 Elevator dual rate trimmer

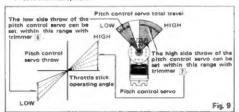
This trimmer sets the elevator travel when the elevator dual rate switch is set to the ON position. Its contents are the same as those of the sileron dual rate trimmer.

6 Pitch curve low side trimmer

This trimmer sets the low side throw of the pitch control servo when the throttle stick was operated.

[7] Pitch curve high side trimmer

This trimmer sets the high side throw of the pitch control servo when the throttle stick was operated.



8 Fail safe set switch

· When memorizing the fail safe position of each servo at the transmitter, set this switch to the SET position. Normally leave this switch in the NORMAL position.

9 Fail safe set button

. This pushbutton switch is used when setting the fail safe servo position at the transmitter.

## Fail Safe Setting

- · When switch is set to the SET position and this button is pressed, the positions of the servos the instant the button was pressed are memorized and sent to the receiver.
- · Since this data can be sent automatically once every 60 seconds thereafter, this button does not have to be pressed at each flight.
- · When this data is being transmitted, the monitor lamp goes out momentarily and transmission of the data can be confirmed.
- To prevent erroneous setting, set switch I to the NORMAL position at the end of one setting.
- · When the receiver receives interferring signals or strong noise continuously, it enters the fail safe state and the servos move automatically to the positions previously memorized with the fail safe set button.
- . When the noise or interference cesses, the fail safe function is reset automatically and operation can be continued.

Inverted flight low-side trimmer

Inverted flight high-side trimmer

C Inverted flight FS switch

# INVENTED FLIGHT SPECIFICATIONS

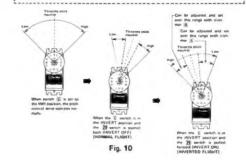
• The inverted flight function can be turned on and off with the C inverted flight FS switch on the trimmer panel.

INVERT: Inverted flight function ON INH : Inverted flight function OFF

 When the C switch is in the INVERT (function ON) position normal flight. ... inverted flight switching can be performed with the 2 Inverted flight ON-OFF switch at the front top corner of the transmitter.

When the @ switch is pulled beck, normal flight is selected. At this time, the pitch can be adjusted with trimmers [6] and [7] as usual, When the @ switch is pushed forward, inverted flight is selected. At this time, the pitch control servo, elevator servo, and rudder servo are reversed and the pitch control servo low-side and high-side throws can be adjusted with trimmer A and B.

When the C inverted flight FS switch and 2 Univerted flight ON-OFF switch) are switched, the A inverted flight low-side trimmer and a inverted flight high-side trimmer operate the pitch control servo (servo connected to channel 6 of the receiver) as shown in the figure.



# **PCM Proportional HOLD Function**

- · HOLD is a function which stops the serves at the correct position immediately before the erroneous signal was received when the receivor cannot receive the signal from the transmitter correctly for a short
- · When the signal are received normally, normal operation can be resumed and flight is not disturbed. This is said to be the prestest feeture of the PCM system.

# **PCM Proportional Fall Safe Function**

- . FAIL SAFE is a function which moves the servo of each channel (for example, engine slow, etc.) to a position preset on the transmitter when normal radio waves are not received by the receiver from the transmitter for a long time (one second or longer). (When not set, all the channels are set to neutral at fail safe.)
- . When the direction of the transmitter antenna is changed or the interference disappears and normal radio waves are received, the fail safe state is released and operation can be resumed.

## PCM Proportional Battery Fail Safe Function

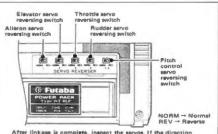
- . The battery fall safe function moves the throttle servo to a preset position as set by the fail safe function and elects the operator to the danger when there is only a small amount of power left in the receiver Nicd bettery. (If not set, the throttle serve will be set to medium slow automatically.)
- · For a description of the battery fall safe setting method, see the fail safe satting method item.
- To release the battery fail sale of the stopped throttle servo, lower the throttle stick in the slow direction. When the throttle stick nears medium slow, battery fail safe is released and the throttle servo can be controlled for 36 seconds. Since bettery fail safe will be set again after 36 seconds, quickly land the aircraft.

# Servo reversing switches

Using the servo reversing switches

. The left side of each switch is the normal position.

. The servo reversing switches reverse the direction of operation of the

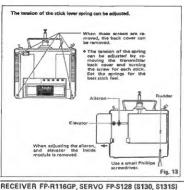


After linkage is complete, inspect the servos. If the direction of operation of the stick lever and the direction of operation of a servo are opposite, switch the appropriate servo reversing Fig. 11

**Battery** cover

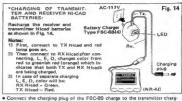
Remove this cover when switching the servo reversing switches.



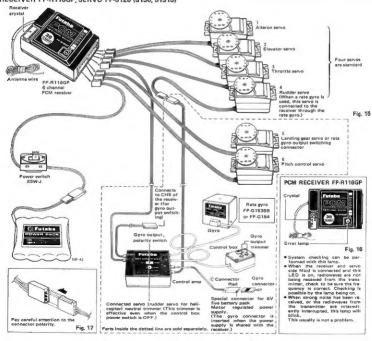


Transmitter Niced battery NT-SLP

@ Charging jack Bettery charge jack for built-in Niced bettery.



- ing jack, connect the 3P connector of the FBC-8B to the receiver Niced battery (NR-4J), and plug the FBC-88 to a 117VAC outlet as shown in this finure.
- . The Receiver bettery can be used about 10 times at 10 minutes per flight between rechargings.
- . Charge the betteries for about 15 hours. When the set is not in use for some time, repeat discharge and charge two so three times before use. (If the batteries are not used for a long time, their capacity will go down).
- . FBC-8B charges transmitter and receiver Nicad batteries independently or eimultaneously.



#### PRECAUTIONS

- . Connect the servos and switches as shown in the figure. Then extend the transmitter and receiver antennas fully.
- · Set the transmitter power switch to DN. Then set the receiver power switch to ON. The serves stop near the neutral position. Operate the transmitter sticks and check that each servo follows the movement of the stick.
- · Connect the pushrod to each servo horn and check if the direction of travel of each servo matches the direction of operation of its transmitter stick.
- · Operate each servo over its full stroke and check if the pushred binds or is loose. Applying unreasonable force to the serve horn will adversely affect the servo and quickly drain the battery. Always make the stroke of each control mechanism somewhat larger than the full stroke (including trim) of
- the servo horn. Adjust the servo horns so that they move smoothly even when the trim lever and stick are operated simultaneously in the same direction
- · Be siert for noise.

Touching of metal parts due to engine vibration, etc. will generate noise and cause the receiver servos to operate erroneously. We recommend the use of naisstass parre

· When installing the switch harness, cut a rectangular hole somewhat larger than the full stroke of the switch and install the switch so that it moves smoothly from ON to OFF. This also

applies to the switch mount when the switch is installed inside the fuselege and is turned on and off from the outside with a piece of wire, etc. Install the switch where it will not be exposed to engine oil, dust, etc.





. Install the servos securely. Refer to the figure. · A spare horn is supplied. Use it as needed.

[Using wood screws]

SERVO

Fig. 19

MOUNTING

· Wrap the receiver in spongs rubber. Waterproof and dustoroof the receiver by placing it in a plastic bag and wrapping a rubber band around the open end of the bag. Do the same with the receiver and servo battery.

with flat

bushing

- Brommer

· Use the rubber bands wrapped around the receiver to hold the servo and switch leads.

[Using plywood, FRP, or

2.3 ~ 2.60

oper Flat wester

bushing

Plywood. FRP board,

Atuminum

\_Rubbe

A - Grommer STATE OF THE PARTY.

sheet

P Nut

num sheet

· After mounting is complete, recheck each part, then check the range by making the transmitter antenna as short as possible, extending the receiver entenna fully, and operating the set from a distance of 20m to 30m. The movement of each serve should follow the movement of each transmitter eriele

· After mounting and checking are complete, take your model to the shop where you bought the digital proportional set, or to an experienced R/C operator and ask them to inspect your set-up and to teach you how to use your R/C set properly.

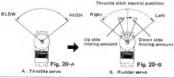
# AIRCRAFT ADJUSTMENT Make the limkages and adjustments described in the aircraft manufacturer's assembly instructions

#### GENERAL AIRCRAFT ADJUSTMENT METHOD

These adjustments are for main rotor clockwise rotation. Set the revolution mixing direction switch 1 on the trimmer panel to the RtGHT position.

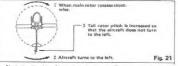
#### Revolution mixing

When the throttle (engine control) stick is set from the SLOW side to the HIGH side, the throttle servo operates as shown in Fig. 20A. If revolution mixing is applied at this time, the rudder servo operates with the shrottle servo as shown in Fig. 208. This throw is called the mixing amount. This rudder servo throw increases as the number of divisions of the scale increases. The rudder servo is operated as shown in Fig. 20B at the right rudder stick. However, if the throttle (angine control) stick is at SLOW, the neutral position is from the left and if the throttle (engine control) stick is at HIGH, the neutral position is from the right.



#### Revolution mixing adjustment

When the main rotor rotetes, the aircraft attempts to turn in the opposite direction. To cancel this reaction spraus, the pitch of the sail rospy (rudder) is increased. Revolution mixing performs this operation simultaneously with the throttle (engine control), and is necessary to fly a helicopter. (Operation is much sesier if a rate gyro is used.)



- Check the direction of operation of each servo. To reverse the direction of operation, switch the reversing switch.
- Always set the idle-up switch II and throatle hold switch I5 to off (pushed to the opposite side). Make the basic adjustments specified by the model helicopter manufacturer.

- 4. Charle the left and right fun and down) through noth some. If the throw-
- is incorrect, correct it by changing the position of the servo horn hale, etc. 5 Set the throttle stick 3 to about the center (medium slow) and install and link the servo horn at the neutral position.
- Set the revolution mixing up side knob 14 to about division 5 and the revolution mixing down side knob 15 to about division 7.
- 7 Check the engine throatle linkage. . Throttle opened fully at throttle stick HIGH (up)
  - Throttle closed fully at throttle MAXIMUM SLOW (down).
- · Use ATL (Adjustable Throttle Limiter) trim as much as possible.

This is convenient because the HIGH side does not change even if the LOW side is changed. Then set the strottle stick to its full operating width and set so that the pitch control servo operates over its maximum travel.

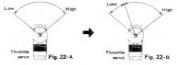
For the main rotor variation width, select the servo horn position specified by the model manufacturer.

- 8 After starting the engine and adjusting the needle, hover and adjust the alleron and elevator trim. Next, make the main rotor pitch at hovering somewhat large with the aircraft linkage
  - Adjust the aircraft linkage so that the rudder trim is neutral position.
- 10. After adjusting all the trimmers, adjust revolution mixing.
- 11 When the helicopter turns to the right while hovering after lift off, turn the revolution mixing down side knob clockwise. When the halicopter turns to the left, turn the knob counterclockwise.
- 12 When the helicopter turns to the left while rising from hovering, increase the mixing amount by turning the revolution mixing up side knob clockwise. When the helicopter turns to the right, reduce the mixing emount by turning the knob to counterclockwise.
- 13 Rate gyro output adjustment (when FP-G15388 is used)
  - A position about 40% to 80% of the rate gyro control box scale should be sufficient, (Differs somewhat with the model.)
  - If the tail of the helicopter whips back and forth, the gyro output should be increased.

#### IDLE-UP ADJUSTMENT

When the idle-up switch is OFF, the throttle servo operates normally as shown in Fig. 22A. When the switch is ON and the idle-up trimmer 13 is set suitably, the throttle serve changes to the maximum slow position as shown in Fig. 22B.

When idle-up is used, hovering is stable and the rotor speed can be maintained even when the pitch is reduced during rolls and make precise maneuvers are possible.



- Set the transmitter throttle fengine control) stick to maximum slow and set the idle-up switch to DN and the idle-up trimmer to about 20% to 30%. Next, set the idle-up switch to OFF, start the engine, hover, and decide the hovering speed.
- Then set the idle-up switch to ON, hover, and adjust the idle-up trimmer so that the speed is about the same as, or somewhat slower than, the speed when the idle up switch it OFF
- 4 When the idle-up trimmer is turned clockwise, the speed increases. When starting the engine and after use, always set the idle-up switch to OFF.
- AILERON AND ELEVATOR DUAL RATE

# ADJUSTMENT

When the duel rete switch is set to ON, the servo throw is made smaller by the amount shown by the hatched lines in Fig. 23. The servo throw can be set from 40% to 100% of the full strake by adjusting trimmer 4 or trimmer 5 on the trimmer panel with a Phillips screwdriver. When the dual rate switch is set to OFF, dual rate is set and the throw be-

comas faros . When the dual rate switch is OFF, adjust the servo horn and fuselage for the

- necessary throw. (When a large throw is necessary, such as for rolls, etc., fly with the dual rate switch set to OFF.)
- . Set the dual rate pwitch to ON for level flight and adjust the trimmer for the required amount of throw. A throw of about 80% of the full stroke is good. (During havering flights, fly with the dual rate switch set to ON.)



## THROTTLE HOLD ADJUSTMENT

When the throttle hold switch is pulled forward, the throttle serve stops at the position set at the throttle hold trimmer 2. Trimmer scale division 0 is maximum slow. Setting to the high side is possible as the number of division increases. When the throttle hold switch is OFF, the throttle servo is controlled by the transmitter throttle (engine control) stick. This device is used at auto rotation take off. After the engine is cut or at maximum slow iduring practice), only the pitch control servo is operated (pitch up) and safe take off is possible.

- 1 Set the throttle (engine control) linkage so that the engine throttle is opened fully when the throttle (engine control) stick and throttle (engine control) trimmer ere at maximum slow.
- 2 Set the throttle hold trimmer so that the engine throttle is that the engine throttle becomes meximum slow when the throttle hold switch is set to ON (switch pulled forward) at auto rotation practice.
- When the throttle hold exitch is set to OFF (pushed back), throttle (engine control) serve and pitch control serve mixing is performed. When the switch is set to DN, the throttle servo is held (maximum slow set by throttle trimmer or fully closed) and only the pitch control servo operates.
- When the hold switch was used at auto rotation take off, etc., always set the transmitter throttle stick to slow before setting the hold switch to off. Also check if the idle-up switch and throttle hold switch are set to OFF before starting the angine.

#### PITCH CURVE TRIMMER ADJUSTMENT

The pitch of the main rotor differs with the weight of the fuselage, kind of engine, engine speed, etc. Since it can be adjusted at the transmitter, it is extremely convenient.

- 1 Set the pitch curve high side trimmer 2 to maximum pitch and the low side trimmer 8 to minimum pitch. (Set the trimmers so that the pitch
- control servic operates up to its maximum throw.) 2 Connect the linkage so that the main rotor pitch is double the angle specified by the model helicopter manufacturer at the high side (large pitch)
- and low side (small pitch). Next, set the high and low sides to the pitch angle specified by the model
- helicopter manufacturer with the pitch curve trimmers. High side adjustment
  - Fly at full speed. When the engine speed is high but the aircraft speed is not so fast, the pitch is insufficient. Therefore, increase the pitch with the high side trimmer. When the engine speed low, the plus pitch is excessive. Decrease the pitch angle, Adjust the main rotor pitch in this way so that the engine speed and aircraft speed are matched.
- 5 Low side adjustment

Climb to an altitude of about 30m and try auto rotation. (Throttle hold switch OFF) When the rotor speed drops, the minus pitch is insufficient. Therefore, lower the pitch with the low side trimmer. When the engine speed rises and the diving speed is fast, the minus pitch is excessive. Raise the pitch. Adjust the pitch so that the diving speed is slow, the rotor speed does not drop, and the two are matched for perfect decent into Auto-Hotetian

#### INVERTED FLIGHT PREPARATIONS

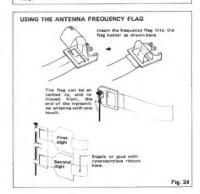
- · When switching the rate gyro output, modify the set so that the output, can be switched with the '5' CH5 switch (channel 5 of the receiver).
  - . Set the C inverted flight FS switch on the trimmer penel at the back of the set to the INVERT position.
  - At this time, pitch control servo, elevator servo, and rudder servo forward \*\* reverse switching can be performed with the 28 switch and normal ++ inverted flight switching can be performed.
  - When the 25 switch is pushed forward (inverted flight function ON) when the 3 throttle stick is in the neutral (center) position, the neutral position of the pitch control senso moves to the plus side (pitch HIGH side at the
- · When connecting the linkage with the inverted flight specifications, always set the @ switch to the INVERT position.
- . Then adjust the set so that normal flight is normal.
- · After adjusting normal flight, adjust inverted flight.
  - \* Before flight, set the 'S switch to the forward position (inverted flight function ONI and set the throttle stick to maximum slow, then set the minimum pitch at inverted flight with the A trimmer. \* Next, set the throttle stick to maximum high and set the maximum pitch
  - at inverted flight with the B trimmer.
    - The A and B trimmers can be adjusted only when the 3 switch is in the forward (inverted flight function ON) position.

#### FLIGHT

nanet)

- Perform normal flight and adjust the pitch.
- · After adjustment, switch from normal flight to inverted flight.
- . There are various methods of changing from normal flight to inverted flight. One method is to enter inverted flight by making a half roll from straight flight. \* First, make a half roll from straight horizontal flight at an eltitude of
- about 30m and when the helicopter is exactly on its back, turn on the inverted flight function by pulling the 18 switch forward. \* If the throttle stick remain high at this time, the posture of the helicopter
- will change suddenly. Shifting to inverted flight can be performed smoothly by lowering the throttle stick to about medium slow.
- \* Learn the 2 switch switching timing, throttle stick operating setting. etc. by practicing normal flight - inverted flight switching repeatedly, · Next, switch from inverted straight (light to inverted hovering.
- Lower the altitude by slowly lowering the throttle slick.
- At this time, when the helicopter descends sluggishly and the main rotor speed drops even when the throttle stick is lowered, return to normal flight, then land and lower the lowest pitch of the main rotor at inverted Stinby soith the & trimmer
- · Finally, check the high side pitch.
- \* Try sessing the throttle stick to maximum high at inverted hovering.
- \* If the main rotor speed drops at this time, lower the high side pitch with the 8 trimmer.

An inverted flight ON/OFF switch is provided. The pitch control, elevator, and rudder servos are reversed for inverted flight when this switch is set to ON, Inverted flight is then extremely GBSV.



#### SPLINED HORNS

This harn permits shifting of the servo neutral position at the servo horn. Setting and shifting the neutral position

#### a) Angle divisions



1) The splined harn has 25 secments. The amount of change per segment is: 360 ÷ 25 = 14,4 The minimum adjustable angle is determined by the number of arms or number of the holes. For four erms, the minimum adjustable angle is:

360° ÷ (25 x 4) Number of divisions = 3.6°

#### all message



To shift the holes center line to the right (clockwise) relative to baseline A, shift erm 2 to the position of erm 1 and set it to the position closest to beseline A. [Example] For a four arm horn, the angular shift per segment is 14,4°. The shift  $14.4^{\circ}$ . The shift to the right is  $90^{\circ} - (14.4 \times 6) = 3.6^{\circ}$ To shift by the same angle in the apposite direction, use the opposite arm number.

# Fig. 27

For a six arm horn, turn the arm counterclockwise and set arm 2 to the position of arm 1. The ad-justable angle is 50° - (14.4 x 4) = 2.4

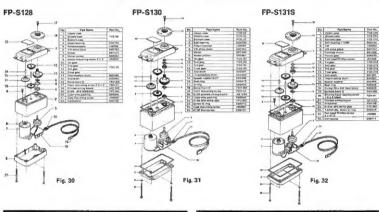
Arm 3 shift 4.8° to the right, orm 6 shifts 2.4° to the left, and arm 4 shifts 7.2° to the right and left.



Fig. 29

The following splined horns are optional.





# WORLD SALES & SERVICE FACILITIES

pt service, please follow the instructions given below.

- Charge the besteries for at least 18 hours prior to shipment.

  Return the system only. Not your complete installation. Remove the servos from their 2. Ret ounts and remove the foam padding from the receiver
- Plags or other modifications which interfere with factory sett procedures will be returned to factory standard at your expense.
- 4. Carefully pack all components instributely, using sufficient packing meterial to prevent demage during shipment.
- Enclude a brist but thorough explanation of all problems and service required and see it to the back of the transmitter. Place a label describing the function of the service sects service.
- 6. Be sure to include your full address and tal. No., tip code inside the box as well as on the
- Include a packing tist of all items being returned, and double check to make sure that all
- lumns are packed, Upon receipt of your equipment at the Futsile factory, an estimate of the cost of repair
- Cover \$25.00 only) will be sent to you. Your equipment will then be repaired and returned to you upon except of payment or C.O.O. Sceen.

  This factory repairs coving applies only to the continental U.S.A., Havasi, and Alaska.

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FUTABA CORPORATION OF AMERICA 555 West Victoria Street, Compton, Calif. 90220, U.S.A. Phone 213-537-9610 Telex 23-0691227 Facsimile 213-637-8529 FUTABA CORPORATION

Tokyo Office: Inagaki Bildg., 1-21-3, Kanda Suda-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan Phone: (03) 255-6811 Facsimile: (03) 255-6880